Person Requesting Subpoena:			
Mailing Address:			
City, State, Zip Code:			
Telephone:			

For Clerk's use only

SUPERIOR COURT OF ARIZONA IN YAVAPAI COUNTY

In the Matter of			Case No. <u>1300</u>		
Petitioner(s)/Plaintiff(s)			SUBPOENA		
		Plaintiff(s)	Arizona Rules of Civil Procedure, Rules 45, 84		
Resp	ondent	/Defendant(s)	Arizona Rules of Family Law Proc	edure, Rule 52	
то:	Nam	e:			
	Address:				
		State, Zip Code:			
	, ,				
(Che 1.	[]	e box(es) to indicate one <u>or more</u> of "1", " For Attendance of Witnesses at Hear YOU ARE ORDERED TO APPEAR in the time and place specified below to t above, before	ing or Trial: the Superior Court of Arizona in Ya		
		Judicial Officer:	Division:		
		(at) Address:			
		on	at	.m.	
2	1	uest for reasonable accommodation for the Court at least 5 working days in ac YOUR RIGHTS AND DUTIES CONC	lvance of a scheduled court proce	eding.	
2.	[]	For Taking of Depositions: YOU ARE ORDERED TO APPEAR at the place, date and time specified below to testify at the taking of a deposition in the case named above: Place of Deposition: (at) Address:			
		on	at	.m.	
		Method of Recording:			

SUBPOENA DUCES TECUM

3. []	For Production of Documentary Evidence or Objects or Inspection of Premises:			
	YOU ARE ORDERED to produce and permit inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the following designated documents, electronically stored information or tangible things, or to permit inspection of the premises at the place, date, and time specified below:			
	[] Additional docu	ments listed on attached page(s)		
	[] TO BRING WITH YOU to the court proceeding or deposition listed above, OR			
	Place of Production or Inspection:			
	on	atm.		
		E IS NOT REQUIRED <i>if</i> the items ordered to be produced are uesting party within the time allowed <u>AND</u> you are not otherwise		
Issued thi	is date:	Clerk of Superior Court		

Ву: _____

Deputy Clerk

Your Duties In Responding To This Subpoena*

*See Arizona Rules of Civil Procedure (A.R.C.P.), Rules 45(b), (c), and (e), and Arizona Rules of Family Law Procedure (A.R.F.L.P.) Rule 52, and the "Your Right to Object to this Subpoena" section below.

<u>ATTENDANCE AT A TRIAL</u>: If this subpoena commands you to appear at a trial, you must appear at the place, date and time designated in the subpoena unless you file a timely motion with the court and the court quashes or modifies the subpoena. Unless a court orders otherwise, you are required to travel to any part of the state to attend and give testimony at a trial.

<u>ATTENDANCE AT A HEARING OR DEPOSITION</u>: If this subpoena commands you to appear at a hearing or deposition, you must appear at the place, date and time designated in this subpoena unless either:

- (1) you file a timely motion with the court and the court quashes or modifies the subpoena; or
- (2) you are not a party or a party's officer and this subpoena commands you to travel to a place other than:

- a. the county in which you reside or you transact business in person; or
- b. the county in which you were served with the subpoena or within forty (40) miles from the place of service; or
- c. such other convenient place fixed by a court order.

PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE, TANGIBLE OBJECT, OR INSPECTION OF

<u>PREMISES</u>: If this subpoena commands you to produce and permit inspection, copying, testing or sampling of designated documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, you must make the items available at the place, date and time designated in this subpoena, and in the case of electronically stored information, in the form or forms requested, unless you provide a good faith written objection to the party or attorney who served the subpoena. Similarly, if this subpoena commands you to make certain premises available for inspection, you must make the designated premises available for inspection on the date and time designated in this subpoena unless you provide a good faith written objection to the party or attorney who served the subpoena unless you provide a good faith written objection to the party or attorney who served the subpoena unless you provide a good faith written objection to the party or attorney who served the subpoena unless you provide a good faith written objection to the party or attorney who served the subpoena unless you provide a good faith written objection to the party or attorney who served the subpoena unless you provide a good faith written objection to the party or attorney who served the subpoena.

You should note that a command to produce certain designated materials, or to permit the inspection of premises, may be combined with a command to appear at a trial, hearing or deposition. You do not, however, need to appear in person at the place of production or inspection <u>unless</u> the subpoena also states that you must appear for and give testimony at a hearing, trial or deposition.

If the subpoena commands you to produce documents, you have the duty to produce the designated documents as they are kept by you in the usual course of business, or you may organize the documents and label them to correspond with the categories set forth in the subpoena.

YOUR RIGHT TO OBJECT TO THIS SUBPOENA:

Generally, if you have concerns or questions about this subpoena, you should first contact the party or attorney who served the subpoena. The party or attorney serving the subpoena has a duty to take reasonable steps to avoid imposing an undue burden or expense on you. The Superior Court enforces this duty and may impose sanctions upon the party or attorney serving the subpoena if this duty is breached.

PROCEDURE FOR OBJECTING TO A SUBPOENA FOR ATTENDANCE AT A HEARING, TRIAL OR DEPOSITION:

- You must file a motion to quash or modify the subpoena with the court to obtain a court order excusing you from complying with this subpoena.*
- The motion must be filed in the Superior Court of the county in which the case is pending or in the Superior Court of the county from which the subpoena was issued.*
- The motion must be filed **before the time specified for compliance or within 14 days after the subpoena is served**, whichever is earlier.*
- You must send a copy of any motion to quash or modify the subpoena to the party or attorney who served the subpoena.

The court *must* quash or modify a subpoena *if* . . .

- (1) the subpoena does not provide a reasonable time for compliance;
- (2) the subpoena commands your attendance at a trial **and** if the subpoena commands you to travel to a place **other than**:
 - (a) the county in which you reside or transact business in person;
 - (b) the county in which you were served with a subpoena, or within forty (40) miles from the place of service; or
 - (c) such other convenient place fixed by a court order; or

- (3) the subpoena requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
- (4) the subpoena subjects you to undue burden.

The court MAY quash or modify a subpoena if

- (1) the subpoena requires you to disclose a trade secret or other confidential research, development or commercial information;
- (2) you are an unretained expert and the subpoena requires you to disclose your opinion or information resulting from your study that you have not been requested by any party to give on matters that are specific to the dispute;
- (3) you are not a party or a party's officer and the subpoena would require you to incur substantial travel expense; or
- (4) the court determines that justice requires the subpoena to be quashed or modified.

In these last four circumstances, a court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order your appearance or order the production of material under specified conditions if:

- (1) the serving party or attorney shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; **and**
- (2) if your travel expenses or the expenses resulting from the production are at issue, the court ensures that you will be reasonably compensated.

PROCEDURE FOR OBJECTING TO SUBPOENA FOR PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE, RECORD, TANGIBLE OBJECT OR INSPECTION OF PREMISES:

If you wish to object to a subpoena commanding you to produce documents, electronically stored information or tangible items, or to permit the inspection of premises, you may send a good faith written objection to the party or attorney serving the subpoena that objects to:

- (1) producing, inspecting, copying, testing or sampling any or all of the materials designated in the subpoena;
- (2) inspecting the premises; or producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested.

You must send your written objection to the party or attorney who served the subpoena before the time specified for compliance or within 14 days after the subpoena is served, whichever is earlier.

If you object because you claim the information requested is privileged, protected, or subject to protection as trial preparation material, you must express the objection clearly, and support each objection with a description of the nature of the document, communication or item not produced so that the demanding party can contest the claim.

If you object to the subpoena in writing, you do not need to comply with the subpoena until a court orders you to do so. It will be up to the party or attorney serving the subpoena to first personally consult with you and engage in good faith efforts to resolve your objection and, if the objection cannot be resolved, to seek an order from the court to compel you to provide the documents or inspection requested, after providing notice to you.

If you are not a party to the litigation, or a party's officer, the court will issue an order to protect you from any significant expense resulting from the inspection and copying commanded. See Rule 45(c)(6)(B) of the Arizona Rules of Civil Procedure.

Instead of sending a written objection to the party or attorney who served the subpoena, you also have the option of raising your objections in a motion to quash or modify the subpoena. See Rule 45(e)(2) of the Arizona Rules for Civil Procedure. The procedure and grounds for doing so are described in the section above entitled "Procedure for Objecting to a Subpoena for Attendance at a Hearing, Trial or Deposition."

If the subpoena *also* commands your attendance at a hearing, trial or deposition, sending a written objection to the party or attorney who served the subpoena does not suspend or modify your obligation to attend and give testimony at the date, time and place specified in the subpoena. See Rule 45(c)(5)(A)(iii) of the Arizona Rules of Civil Procedure. If you wish to object to the portion of this subpoena requiring your attendance at a hearing, trial or deposition, you must file a motion to quash or modify the subpoena as described in the section above entitled "Procedure for Objecting to a Subpoena for Attendance at a Hearing, Trial or Deposition." See Rule 45(c)(5)(a)(iii) of the Arizona Rules of Civil Procedure.

ADA Notification

Requests for reasonable accommodation for persons with disabilities must be made to Yavapai Court Administration by the parties at least five (5) business days in advance of a scheduled court proceeding. ADA information and the request for are also available on our web site under Forms/Miscellaneous Forms.

Interpreter Notification

Requests for an interpreter for persons with limited English proficiency must be made to Yavapai County Court Administration by the parties at least ten (10) judicial days in advance of a scheduled court proceeding.