

FILED
2:00 O'Clock P.M.

MAY 24 2019 ✓

DONNA McQUALITY, Clerk
By: *[Signature]*

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA
IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF YAVAPAI

In the Matter of:)
) Administrative Order
REGULATING USE OF PHOTOGRAPHIC)
AND VIDEO RECORDING DEVICES) No. 2019-13
IN A COURTHOUSE AND OTHER)
COURT FACILITIES OUTSIDE OF)
COURTROOMS)
_____)

The presiding judge is responsible for establishing court security policies and procedures in accordance with Rule 122.1, Rules of the Supreme Court, and Supreme Court Administrative Order Nos. 2017-79 and 2012-22, which recognize “the safety of those who participate in the judicial process is essential to serving the citizens and doing justice in all cases” and therefore, the need to protect the privacy and security interests of crime victims, individuals seeking protective orders, witnesses, and jurors, and to ensure the safety of all who visit or work in court facilities including the Prescott Courthouse, Camp Verde Superior Court and the Juvenile Justice Center.

Many people at a court facility are compelled to be there for jury service, to appear as a witness, including undercover law enforcement officers, or to conduct business that is private or not yet public and can only be done at a court. Having their image recorded and displayed on the internet can put these persons in jeopardy, expose them to embarrassment and intimidation, and discourage participation in the judicial process. Additionally, recordings of the interior of court facilities, including security officers and devices could be used to circumvent court security protocols.

- Clark of Court ()
- Chief Deputy ()
- Court Admin ()
- _____ ()
- _____ ()
- _____ () Other _____

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED, except as provided in this Order, that all types of video recording, photography, including sharing video or live-streaming to social media sites, or other types of broadcasting (hereinafter collectively referred to as “recording”) are prohibited in any facility during its use as a court including building entrances, exits, and adjacent restricted parking areas unless the person proposing a recording obtains advance written consent of the subjects and permission of the presiding judge or designee. This prohibition extends to recording the inside of a court facility through a door or window. This prohibition also extends to court offices not located in a courthouse.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, that a person who seeks to make a recording in a courtroom shall comply with Rule 122, Rules of the Supreme Court, and obtain permission from the judge presiding in the courtroom.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, that a person who seeks to make a recording in a court facility other than a courtroom must submit a written request to the Deputy Court Administrator (or the Court Administrator should the Deputy Court Administrator not be available) that provides the name of the requester, the written consent of persons to be recorded, and the proposed recording location, date, time, and manner. To assure timely response, the request shall be made at least two business days prior to the proposed date. If permission for the proposed activity is denied due to an unacceptable location, date, time, or manner, and some alternative is acceptable, the court must inform the requester of that alternative.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that scheduled court-connected ceremonial proceedings, such as adoptions and marriages, or other events may be recorded without written permission subject to the authority of judges, Clerks of the Court, or

court administrators to limit or terminate recording that is disruptive to court operations or that compromises court security.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that recording is permitted at the following courthouse locations: The museum area of the Prescott Courthouse, 120 S. Cortez, Prescott, AZ and in the common areas of each floor where historic photographs are located as long as the recording is only of those pictures or historical memorabilia/features.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this Order does not prohibit use of a personal recording device or scanner to copy a case file document that is otherwise available for public inspection and copying. This Order does not extend to offices at a court facility occupied by non-court agencies such as city or county attorney, city clerk, or public defender.

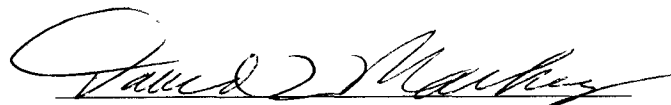
IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that a law enforcement officer with a body-worn camera may activate the recording function of the camera when providing security within a court facility or when responding to a call for law enforcement assistance.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that court personnel provide notice and enforce this order as follows:

1. The court will post a copy of this Order on the court's web site.
2. The court will post a warning sign regarding the conduct prohibited by this Order at every public entry point of facilities governed by this Order.
3. Assigned court staff or security officers who observe a person violating this Order will:
 - a. Advise the person of the violation orally.

- b. Provide a written Photography and Video Recording Violation Warning in a form like the attached sample.
- c. Direct the person to immediately stop and delete the recording.
- d. If the person does not comply, direct the person to leave the facility.
- e. If the person does not comply, call law enforcement.

Dated this 27th day of May, 2019.


Honorable David L. Mackey
Presiding Judge

PHOTOGRAPHY AND VIDEO RECORDING VIOLATION WARNING

1. Arizona Supreme Court Rule 122: Use of Recording Devices in a Courtroom, prohibits use of recording devices in a courtroom unless permission is given by the judge in advance.
2. Arizona Supreme Court Rule 122.1: Use of Portable Electronic Devices in a Courthouse, authorizes judges, clerks of court, and court administrators to “limit or terminate [recording] activity that is disruptive to court operations or that compromises courthouse security.”
3. Arizona Supreme Court Administrative Order No. 2017-79: Authorizes the presiding judge in each county to establish court security policies and procedures.
4. Arizona Superior Court in Yavapai County Administrative Order No. 2019-13: Regulating Use of Photographic and Video Recording Devices in the Courthouse and Other Court Facilities Outside of Courtrooms, prohibits use of recording devices unless permission is given by the presiding judge in advance.
5. You have been observed violating one or more of the above rules and orders governing photography, videotaping, and filming in a court facility, you are:
 - a. Directed to immediately stop photographing and video recording.
 - b. If you refuse, you will be directed to immediately leave the court facility.
 - c. If you refuse, law enforcement will be called and you will be required to leave the court facility, may be arrested, may be held in contempt of court, and may be charged with criminal offenses including:
 - (1) A.R.S. §§ 13-1502 or -1503: Criminal Trespass
 - (2) A.R.S. § 13-2904(A)(1)-(4): Disorderly Conduct
 - (3) A.R.S. § 13-2921(A)(2)-(4): Harassment